The above described parcel is subject to an easement described in Deed Book 15464, Page 323, CCRD, said easement is to recognize existing encroachments of a building, located on the above referenced lands of Dwayne and Irina St.Ours, into the above described parcel.

The above described parcel has the benefit of a right-of-way 30 feet in width and 370 feet in length. Said right-of-way extends from Route 202 and is located southerly of and adjacent to the southerly line of the above described parcel.

WARRANTY DEED

Doc#:

JOSEPH KITTRELL, of Durham, Maine, for consideration paid, grants to HRC – VILLAGE AT LITTLE FALLS, LLC, a Maine limited liability company with a mailing address c/o Renee L. Lewis, Manager, 2 Market Street, Portland, Maine 04102, with Warranty Covenants, the following property located in Windham, County of Cumberland, State of Maine, described as follows:

SEE ATTACHED EXHIBIT A

Reference is made to the Warranty Deed from Merrill T. Laskey and Carmela P. Laskey to Joseph Kittrell dated September 6, 2001 and recorded in the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds in Book 16811, Page 99.

Witness our hands and seal this 5th day of April, 2006.

Signed, Sealed and Delivered

in the presence of

Witness

State of Maine

County of Cumberland

Joseph Kittrell

April 5, 2006

Then personally appeared the above pamed Joseph Kittrell and acknowledged the foregoing instrument to be his free act and deed.

Votary Public/Attorney at Law

printed name of notary or attorney

Doc#: 20753 Bk:23835 Ps: 22

EXHIBIT A

A certain lot or parcel of land with the improvements thereon, situated in South Windham, Town of Windham, County of Cumberland and State of Maine, more particularly described as follows:

Situated on the Southeasterly side of what is now known as Depot Street and bounded Northwesterly by said Depot Street; bounded Southwesterly and Southeasterly by land formerly of Sebago Wood Board Company, and Northeasterly by land now or formerly owned by Maine Central Railroad Company.

Received Recorded Resister of Deeds Apr 07,2006 12:36:24P Cumberland County John B OBrien HRC - Village at Little Falls, LLC

100 Commercial Street, Suite 410

Portland, ME 04101

October 28, 2011

David Wright, Director
Division of Remediation
Bureau of Remediation and Waste Management
Department of Environmental Protection
17 State House Station
Augusta, ME 04333

Dear Mr. Wright,

This letter is to notify you that further contact concerning the Keddy Mill site in Windham, Maine, including with regard to its continued participation in the Maine Department of Environmental Protection's Voluntary Response Action Program ("VRAP"), should be made through Keddy Mill Enterprises, LLC at the following address:

Keddy Mill Enterprises, LLC P.O. Box 4787 Portland, ME 04112 207-358-7900

Attention: Scott Lalumiere

Keddy Mill Enterprises, LLC is now the owner of the Keddy Mill site following its purchase of the site from HRC Village at Little Falls, LLC (the successor-in-interest under the VRAP to Village at Little Falls, LLC).

Sincerely

Kenee Lewis

HRC-Village at Little Falls, LLC

cc:

Mr. Scott Lalumiere

Mr. Tom Bartell, Town of Windham

GOVERNOR

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

DAVID P. LITTELL

COMMISSIONER

Dear Permit Holder:

Please find enclosed your land use permit. The permit is presented in a format that includes findings of fact relevant to the criteria of the law under which the permit is issued, conclusions based on those facts and conditions of approval. Please carefully read your permit, especially the conditions of approval. If an error has occurred, please let us know and a corrected Order will be issued.

Appeal procedures have been enclosed for your information. Project modifications, condition compliance, and transfer are available upon request. Please call the nearest regional office to obtain those applications.

If we can be of additional service to you, let us know. Please write or call if you need more information.

Sincerely,

JEFFREY G. MADORE, Director Division of Land Resource Regulation

Jeffrey Madore

Bureau of Land & Water Quality

APPPACKE



DEP INFORMATION SHEET

Appealing a Commissioner's Licensing Decision

Dated: May 2004 Contact: (207) 287-2811

SUMMARY

There are two methods available to an aggrieved person seeking to appeal a licensing decision made by the Department of Environmental Protection's (DEP) Commissioner: (1) in an administrative process before the Board of Environmental Protection (Board); or (2) in a judicial process before Maine's Superior Court. This INFORMATION SHEET, in conjunction with consulting statutory and regulatory provisions referred to herein, can help aggrieved persons with understanding their rights and obligations in filing an administrative or judicial appeal.

I. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS TO THE BOARD

LEGAL REFERENCES

DEP's General Laws, 38 M.R.S.A. § 341-D(4), and its Rules Concerning the Processing of Applications and Other Administrative Matters (Chapter 2), 06-096 CMR 2.24 (April 1, 2003).

HOW LONG YOU HAVE TO SUBMIT AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD

The Board must receive a written notice of appeal within 30 calendar days of the date on which the Commissioner's decision was filed with the Board. Appeals filed after 30 calendar days will be rejected.

HOW TO SUBMIT AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD

Signed original appeal documents must be sent to: Chair, Board of Environmental Protection, c/o Department of Environmental Protection, 17 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333-0017; faxes are acceptable for purposes of meeting the deadline when followed by receipt of mailed original documents within five (5) working days. Receipt on a particular day must be by 5:00 PM at DEP's offices in Augusta; materials received after 5:00 PM are not considered received until the following day. The person appealing a licensing decision must also send the DEP's Commissioner and the applicant a copy of the documents. All the information listed in the next section must be submitted at the time the appeal is filed. Only the extraordinary circumstances described at the end of that section will justify evidence not in the DEP's record at the time of decision being added to the record for consideration by the Board as part of an appeal.

WHAT YOUR APPEAL PAPERWORK MUST CONTAIN

The materials constituting an appeal must contain the following information at the time submitted:

- 1. Aggrieved Status. Standing to maintain an appeal requires the appellant to show they are particularly injured by the Commissioner's decision.
- 2. The findings, conclusions or conditions objected to or believed to be in error. Specific references and facts regarding the appellant's issues with the decision must be provided in the notice of appeal.
- 3. The basis of the objections or challenge. If possible, specific regulations, statutes or other facts should be referenced. This may include citing omissions of relevant requirements, and errors believed to have been made in interpretations, conclusions, and relevant requirements.
- 4. The remedy sought. This can range from reversal of the Commissioner's decision on the license or permit to changes in specific permit conditions.

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- 5. All the matters to be contested. The Board will limit its consideration to those arguments specifically raised in the written notice of appeal.
- 6. Request for hearing. The Board will hear presentations on appeals at its regularly scheduled meetings, unless a public hearing is requested and granted. A request for public hearing on an appeal must be filed as part of the notice of appeal.
- 7. New or additional evidence to be offered. The Board may allow new or additional evidence as part of an appeal only when the person seeking to add information to the record can show due diligence in bringing the evidence to the DEP's attention at the earliest possible time in the licensing process or show that the evidence itself is newly discovered and could not have been presented earlier in the process. Specific requirements for additional evidence are found in Chapter 2, Section 24(B)(5).

OTHER CONSIDERATIONS IN APPEALING A DECISION TO THE BOARD

- 1. Be familiar with all relevant material in the DEP record. A license file is public information made easily accessible by DEP. Upon request, the DEP will make the material available during normal working hours, provide space to review the file, and provide opportunity for photocopying materials. There is a charge for copies or copying services.
- 2. Be familiar with the regulations and laws under which the application was processed, and the procedural rules governing your appeal. DEP staff will provide this information on request and answer questions regarding applicable requirements.
- 3. The filing of an appeal does not operate as a stay to any decision. An applicant proceeding with a project pending the outcome of an appeal runs the risk of the decision being reversed or modified as a result of the appeal.

WHAT TO EXPECT ONCE YOU FILE A TIMELY APPEAL WITH THE BOARD

The Board will formally acknowledge initiation of the appeals procedure, including the name of the DEP project manager assigned to the specific appeal, within 15 days of receiving a timely filing. The notice of appeal, all materials accepted by the Board Chair as additional evidence, and any materials submitted in response to the appeal will be sent to Board members along with a briefing and recommendation from DEP staff. Parties filing appeals and interested persons are notified in advance of the final date set for Board consideration of an appeal or request for public hearing. With or without holding a public hearing, the Board may affirm, amend, or reverse a Commissioner decision. The Board will notify parties to an appeal and interested persons of its decision.

II. APPEALS TO MAINE SUPERIOR COURT

Maine law allows aggrieved persons to appeal final Commissioner licensing decisions to Maine's Superior Court, see 38 M.R.S.A. § 346(1); 06-096 CMR 2.26; 5 M.R.S.A. § 11001; & MRCivP 80C. Parties to the licensing decision must file a petition for review within 30 days after receipt of notice of the Commissioner's written decision. A petition for review by any other person aggrieved must be filed within 40-days from the date the written decision is rendered. The laws cited in this paragraph and other legal procedures govern the contents and processing of a Superior Court appeal.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

If you have questions or need additional information on the appeal process, contact the DEP's Director of Procedures and Enforcement at (207) 287-2811.

Note: The DEP provides this INFORMATION SHEET for general guidance only; it is not intended for use as a legal reference. Maine law governs an appellant's rights.

VIL_RESP00336



STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION STATE HOUSE STATION 17 AUGUSTA, MAINE 04333

DEPARTMENT ORDER

IN THE MATTER OF

H.R.C. – VILLAGE AT LITTLE FALLS, L. L. C.) SITE LOCATION OF DEVELOPMENT ACT
Windham, Cumberland County) NATURAL RESOURCES PROTECTION ACT
VILLAGE AT LITTLE FALLS) WETLAND OF SPECIAL SIGNIFICANCE
L-23637-87-A-N (approval)) WATER QUALITY CERTIFICATION
L-23637-2G-B-N) FINDINGS OF FACT AND ORDER

Pursuant to the provisions of 38 M.R.S.A. Sections 481 et seq. and 480-A et seq., and Section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, the Department of Environmental Protection has considered the application of H.R.C. – VILLAGE AT LITTLE FALLS, L. L. C. with the supportive data, agency review comments, and other related materials on file and FINDS THE FOLLOWING FACTS:

1. PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

A. Summary: The applicant proposes to construct an 85-unit condominium development with associated improvements on an 8.03-acre parcel of land. The proposed project includes two 12-unit apartment buildings, nine duplexes, nine porch-style units, 33 townhouse units, and one single-family residence. The proposed project is shown on a set of plans, the first of which is entitled "Cover/Index/Locus Map/Zoning – Village at Little Falls," prepared by Northeast Civil Solutions, and dated June 1, 2007, with a last revision date of July 11, 2007. The project site is located between Depot Street and the Presumpscot River in the Town of Windham.

The proposed project triggers the "structure" threshold of the Site Location of Development Law ("Site Law," 38 M.R.S.A. § 482). The Town of Windham has delegated review authority pursuant to 38 M.R.S.A. § 489-A to conduct Site Law reviews of certain developments that would otherwise require Department review. However, the local reviewing authority requested that the Department review the proposed project.

The applicant is also seeking approval under the Natural Resources Protection Act (N.R.P.A.) to remove an abandoned mill building adjacent to the Presumpscot River and restore the river bank. Since a portion of the building was constructed over the river, this activity will result in the alteration of approximately 4,800 square feet of the river. A majority of the existing wall of the building will be removed, and the area will be regraded to in order to establish a vegetated river bank. A small section of the wall will be left in place to support an existing power plant. Other N.R.P.A. activities proposed by the applicant include filling in a small, artificially-created drainage channel (740 square

feet) and constructing stormwater outfall pipes within 75 feet, but not below, the 100-year flood elevation of the river.

B. Current Use of Site: An abandoned mill building and associated piles of debris occupy the site. The building was originally used as a pulp mill and later used as a steel mill. It is located directly on the Presumpscot River and is constructed on a pile-type foundation to allow the river to flow under the western end of the building. The building was abandoned in the late 1980's. The site is immediately downstream of an existing hydro-electric dam owned by Sappi, Inc.

2. FINANCIAL CAPACITY:

The total cost of the project is estimated to be \$10,000,000. The applicant stated that the project will be self-financed. Hudson Realty Capital Fund III, L. P. is the owner of HRC – Village at Little Falls, L. L. C. The applicant submitted a Balance Sheet for Hudson Realty Capital Fund III, L. P., dated December 31, 2006, which indicates that the company's total assets are well in excess of the proposed project's cost estimate.

The Department finds that the applicant has demonstrated adequate financial capacity to comply with Department standards.

3. TECHNICAL ABILITY:

The applicant provided a list of projects successfully constructed by the applicant. The applicant also retained the services of Northeast Civil Solutions, a professional engineering firm, to assist in the design and engineering of the project.

The Department finds that the applicant has demonstrated adequate technical ability to comply with Department standards.

4. <u>NOISE</u>:

The Department finds that no regulated sources of noise have been identified.

5. SCENIC CHARACTER:

The project site currently contains a dilapidated industrial building. The building will be removed from the site and the river bank will be restored to a more natural, vegetated state. The proposed development was designed to match the village character of the surrounding neighborhood.

Based on the project's location and design, the Department finds that the proposed project will not have an unreasonable adverse effect on the scenic character of the surrounding area.

6. WILDLIFE AND FISHERIES:

The Maine Department of Inland Fisheries & Wildlife (MDIFW) reviewed the proposed project. In its comments, MDIFW stated that it found no records of any Essential or Significant Wildlife Habitats, or other wildlife habitats of special concern associated with this site.

The project site is located just downriver from an existing housing development and hydroelectric dam. A portion of the land directly adjacent to the Presumpscot River is owned by an abutter, Sappi Paper. A fisheries biologist from MDIFW commented that the Presumpscot River supports a variety of coldwater and warmwater fisheries, including some non-game fish populations. MDIFW recommended that a 100-foot wide vegetated buffer be provided to minimize impacts to the river and protect riparian functions, particularly in the area where the existing mill building is to be removed. The applicant responded to these concerns by revising the plans to provide a minimum 75foot wide vegetated buffer on the project site. The only permanent structures within the 75-foot buffer will be three stormwater outfall pipes with associated riprap aprons and a portion of a subsurface stormwater system. The applicant submitted a river bank stabilization and planting plan (Sheet L1 of the set of plans referenced in Finding 1, last revised July 11, 2007) depicting the proposed improvements. Given the heavily developed nature of the site; the removal of the mill building, the stabilization of existing erosion problems, and the re-vegetation of the river bank are anticipated to provide immediate and long-term water quality benefits to the fishery.

The buffer will be located in a common area. Once the buffer is stabilized and planted, it should remain undisturbed, and be maintained first by the applicant and subsequently by the condominium owners association. Some disturbance of the buffer may be necessary in the future where a portion of the subsurface stormwater system is located within the buffer in the unlikely event that maintenance of the chamber system is required. However, the isolator row, which will require regular maintenance as discussed in Finding 10, is located outside the buffer.

Prior to occupancy of the first new building, the location of the river buffer must be permanently marked on the ground. The deed for the common area must contain deed restrictions relative to the buffer and have attached to it a plot plan for the area, drawn to scale, that specifies the location of the buffer. Prior to occupancy of the first new building, the applicant must submit a copy of the recorded deed restrictions, including the plot plan, to the BLWQ.

The Department finds that the applicant has made adequate provision for the protection of wildlife and fisheries with the establishment of a 75-foot wide vegetated buffer adjacent to the Presumpscot River.

7. HISTORIC SITES AND UNUSUAL NATURAL AREAS:

The Maine Historic Preservation Commission (MHPC) reviewed the proposed project and requested a Phase II Archaeological Survey of the site. The applicant submitted a report of the survey, prepared by NEA and dated June 2007. MHPC reviewed the report and stated, in a letter dated June 27, 2007, that the proposed project will have no effect upon any structure or site of historic, architectural, or archaeological significance as defined by the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966.

The Maine Natural Areas Program database does not contain any records documenting the existence of rare or unique botanical features on the project site and, as discussed in Finding 6, MDIFW did not identify any unusual wildlife habitats located on the project site:

The Department finds that the proposed development will not have an adverse effect on the preservation of any historic sites or unusual natural areas either on or near the development site.

8. BUFFER STRIPS:

A vegetated buffer adjacent to the Presumpscot River will be established as discussed in Finding 6.

The Department finds that the applicant has made adequate provision for buffer strips.

9. SOILS:

The applicant submitted soil survey information and a geotechnical report based on the soils found at the project site. This report was prepared by a registered professional engineer and reviewed by staff from the Division of Environmental Assessment (DEA) of the Bureau of Land and Water Quality (BLWQ). DEA also reviewed a Blasting Plan (dated March 19, 2007) submitted by the applicant and outlining the proposed procedures for removing ledge material from the project site. The applicant submitted additional information related to the blasting location map. DEA reviewed this additional information and commented that the applicant adequately addressed its concerns.

If a rock crusher will be utilized on site during construction, the applicant must insure that the crusher is licensed by the Department's Bureau of Air Quality and is being operated in accordance with that license.

The Department finds that, based on the soil information, geotechnical report, Blasting Plan, and DEA's review, the soils on the project site present no limitations to the proposed project that cannot be overcome through standard engineering practices.

10. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT:

The proposed project includes approximately 3.1 acres of new impervious area and 7.5 acres of developed area. It lies within the watershed of the Presumpscot River. The applicant submitted a stormwater management plan based on the basic, general, and flooding standards contained in Department Rules, Chapter 500. The proposed stormwater management system consists of 17 bioretention cells and a subsurface soil filter system (Stormtech system with isolator rows).

A. Basic Standards:

(1) Erosion and Sedimentation Control: The applicant submitted an Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (Section 14 of the application) that is based on the performance standards contained in Appendix A of Chapter 500 and the Best Management Practices outlined in the Maine Erosion and Sediment Control BMPS, which were developed by the Department. This plan and plan sheets containing erosion control details were reviewed by, and revised in response to the comments of the Division of Watershed Management (DWM) of the Bureau of Land and Water Quality (BLWQ). DWM recommended that the applicant implement a dewatering plan during construction. The plans were revised to include a dewatering plan.

Erosion control details will be included on the final construction plans and the erosion control narrative will be included in the project specifications to be provided to the construction contractor. Prior the start of construction, the applicant must conduct a preconstruction meeting to discuss the construction schedule and the erosion and sediment control plan with the appropriate parties. This meeting must be attended by the applicant's representative, Department staff, the design engineer, and the contractor.

(2) Inspection and Maintenance: The applicant submitted a maintenance plan that addresses both short and long-term maintenance requirements. This plan was reviewed by, and revised in response to the comments of DWM. The maintenance plan is based on the standards contained in Appendix B of Chapter 500. A homeowners' association will be established that will be responsible for the maintenance of all common facilities including the stormwater management system. The Declaration of Covenants and Restrictions for the association was reviewed and found to meet Department requirements. Prior to the formation of the homeowners' association, the applicant will be responsible for all such maintenance

The applicant submitted a draft service contract for the ongoing maintenance of the stormwater management system. Prior to occupancy of the first new building, the applicant must submit a copy of an executed long-term maintenance contract (minimum of 5 years and renewable) for the on-going maintenance of the stormwater control structures to the BLWQ. Storm sewer grit and sediment materials removed from

stormwater control structures during maintenance activities must be disposed of in compliance with the Department's Solid Waste Management Rules.

(3) Housekeeping: The proposed project will comply with the performance standards outlined in Appendix C of Chapter 500.

Based on DWM's review of the erosion and sedimentation control plan and the maintenance plan, the Department finds that the proposed project meets the Basic Standards contained in Chapter 500(4)(A).

B. General Standard: The applicant's stormwater management plan includes general treatment measures that will mitigate for the increased frequency and duration of channel erosive flows due to runoff from smaller storms, provide for effective treatment of pollutants in stormwater, and mitigate potential temperature impacts. This mitigation is being achieved by using Best Management Practices (BMP) that will control runoff from no less than 95% of the impervious area and no less than 80% of the developed area.

The stormwater management system proposed by the applicant was reviewed by, and revised in response to, comments from DWM. After a final review, DWM commented that the proposed stormwater management system is designed in accordance with the Chapter 500 General Standard. DWM recommended that the installation of the stormwater system be inspected by the applicant's design engineer or other qualified professional. Upon completion of the system, the applicant must submit written certification to the BLWQ that it was installed in accordance with the approved plans.

Based on the stormwater system's design and DWM's review, the Department finds that the applicant has made adequate provision to ensure that the proposed project will meet the Chapter 500, Basic and General Standards.

C. Flooding Standard:

The applicant is not proposing a formal stormwater management system to detain stormwater from 24-hour storms of 2-, 10-, and 25-year frequency. Instead, since the project site is located adjacent to the Presumpscot River, the applicant requested a waiver from the flooding standard pursuant to Department Rules, Chapter 500(4)(E)(2)(a). DWM commented that, given the site's location and watershed, the proposed system is eligible to receive a waiver from the flooding standard.

Based on the system's design and DWM's review, the Department finds that the applicant has demonstrated that the Chapter 500, Flooding Standard for peak flow from the project site, and channel limits and runoff areas, may be waived for the proposed project.

11. GROUNDWATER:

The project site is not located over a mapped sand and gravel aquifer. The proposed project does not propose any withdrawal from, or discharge to, the groundwater.

The applicant received a Voluntary Response Action Program (VRAP) permit from the Department's Bureau of Remediation and Waste Management, dated November 9, 2005, to conduct remedial actions on the site. Any special or hazardous wastes encountered during site development will be disposed of in accordance with the standards and regulations outlined in the VRAP permit.

The Department finds that the proposed project will not have an unreasonable adverse effect on ground water quality.

12. WATER SUPPLY:

When completed, the proposed project is anticipated to use 17,010 gallons of water per day. Water will be supplied by the Portland Water District. The applicant submitted a letter from the District, dated March 16, 2007, indicating that it will be capable of servicing this project.

The Department finds that the applicant has made adequate provision for securing and maintaining a sufficient and healthful water supply.

13. WASTEWATER DISPOSAL:

When completed, the proposed project is anticipated to discharge 17,010 gallons of wastewater per day to the Portland Water District's wastewater treatment facility located in Westbrook. The applicant proposes to construct a sewer pump station that will be owned and operated by the Portland Water District. The applicant submitted a letter from the Portland Water District, dated March 16, 2007, stating that the Westbrook facility will accept these flows. This project was reviewed by the Division of Water Quality Management of the Bureau of Land and Water Quality (DWQM), which commented that the Portland Water District's Westbrook facility has the capacity to treat these flows and is operating in compliance with the water quality laws of the State of Maine.

Based on DWQM's comments, the Department finds that the applicant has made adequate provision for wastewater disposal at a facility that has the capacity to ensure satisfactory treatment.

14. <u>SOLID WASTE</u>:

When completed, the proposed project is anticipated to generate 110 tons of household solid waste per year. All general solid wastes from the proposed project will be disposed

of at EcoMaine, which is currently in substantial compliance with the Solid Waste Management Regulations of the State of Maine.

The proposed project will generate a minimal amount of stumps and grubbings. All stumps and grubbings generated will be processed on site, with the remainder to be either worked into the soil or utilized as an erosion control measure, in compliance with Solid Waste Management Regulations of the State of Maine.

The proposed project will generate approximately 920 tons of construction debris and demolition debris. The construction and demolition debris generated will be disposed of at either Plan-It Recycling in Gorham or Riverside Recycling in Portland, both of which are currently in substantial compliance with the Solid Waste Management Regulations of the State of Maine.

Based on the above information, the Department finds that the applicant has made adequate provision for solid waste disposal.

15. FLOODING:

The applicant submitted a Conditional Letter of Map Revision from the Federal Emergency Management Agency, dated May 8, 2007. Based on this letter, the proposed project is not located within the 100-year floodway of any river or stream.

The Department finds that the proposed project is unlikely to cause or increase flooding or cause an unreasonable flood hazard to any structure.

16. WETLAND IMPACTS:

The applicant proposes to alter approximately 4,800 square feet of a waterbody to remove an existing abandoned mill building and restore the bank of the Presumpscot River. The applicant also proposes to fill 740 square feet of an artificially-created drainage channel and construct stormwater outfalls within 75 feet of the river.

The Department's Wetlands and Waterbodies Protection Rules, Chapter 310, require the applicant to meet the following standards:

A. Avoidance. No activity may be permitted if there is a practicable alternative to the project that would be less damaging to the environment. Each application for a Natural Resources Protection Act permit must provide an analysis of alternatives in order to demonstrate that a practicable alternative does not exist. The applicant submitted an alternative analysis for the proposed project completed by Northeast Civil Solutions. The applicant's original plan included leaving the mill building's wall and then filling in behind it. The proposed project, removing the wall and restoring the river bank in this

location, represents less environmental impact. The applicant proposes to remove the debris from the edge of the river and grade the area to create a stable slope.

- B. Minimal Alteration. The amount of waterbody and wetland to be altered must be kept to the minimum amount necessary for meeting the overall purpose of the project. The applicant stated that the fill within the river is necessary in order to create a stable, vegetated slope after removal of the mill building. The existing mill building is constructed on piles over a portion of the river. The proposed project includes removal of the building, and the restoration of 28,680 square feet of river bank and approximately 2,165 square feet of floodplain downstream of the existing hydro-electric dam.
- C. Compensation. Given the existing developed nature of the project site, compensation is not required to achieve the goal of no net loss of wetland and waterbody functions and values. The proposed project is expected to have a positive effect on the quality of the site's stormwater runoff. The removal of the mill building and the restoration of the river bank will allow for the cooling of the runoff to avoid thermal impacts, and site remediation under the VRAP permit will result in the removal of multiple sources of pollution that currently exist on site. The additional flood plain storage area created by the removal of the building and restoration of the river bank is approximately equivalent in volume to the fill proposed in the river.

The Department finds that the applicant has avoided and minimized wetland and waterbody impacts to the greatest extent practicable, and that the proposed project represents the least environmentally damaging alternative that meets the overall purpose of the project.

BASED on the above findings of fact, and subject to the conditions listed below, the Department makes the following conclusions pursuant to 38 M.R.S.A. Sections 480-A et seq. and Section 401 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act:

- A. The proposed activity will not unreasonably interfere with existing scenic, aesthetic, recreational, or navigational uses.
- B. The proposed activity will not cause unreasonable erosion of soil or sediment.
- C. The proposed activity will not unreasonably inhibit the natural transfer of soil from the terrestrial to the marine or freshwater environment.
- D. The proposed activity will not unreasonably harm any significant wildlife habitat, freshwater wetland plant habitat, threatened or endangered plant habitat, aquatic habitat, travel corridor, freshwater, estuarine, or marine fisheries or other aquatic life.

- E. The proposed activity will not unreasonably interfere with the natural flow of any surface or subsurface waters.
- F. The proposed activity will not violate any state water quality law including those governing the classifications of the State's waters.
- G. The proposed activity will not unreasonably cause or increase the flooding of the alteration area or adjacent properties.
- H. The proposed activity is not on or adjacent to a sand dune.
- I. The proposed activity is not on an outstanding river segment as noted in 38 M.R.S.A. Section 480-P.

BASED on the above findings of fact, and subject to the conditions listed below, the Department makes the following conclusions pursuant to 38 M.R.S.A. Sections 481 et seq.:

- A. The applicant has provided adequate evidence of financial capacity and technical ability to develop the project in a manner consistent with state environmental standards.
- B. The applicant has made adequate provision for fitting the development harmoniously into the existing natural environment and the development will not adversely affect existing uses, scenic character, air quality, water quality or other natural resources in the municipality or in neighboring municipalities provided the buffer adjacent to the Presumpscot River is marked and protected as described in Finding 6 and any rock crusher is operated as described in Finding 9.
- C. The proposed development will be built on soil types which are suitable to the nature of the undertaking and will not cause unreasonable erosion of soil or sediment nor inhibit the natural transfer of soil.
- D. The proposed development meets the standards for storm water management in Section 420-D and the standard for erosion and sedimentation control in Section 420-C provided a pre-construction meeting is held and inspections of the stormwater system are conducted as described in Finding 10.
- E. The proposed development will not pose an unreasonable risk that a discharge to a significant groundwater aquifer will occur.
- F. The applicant has made adequate provision of utilities, including water supplies, sewerage facilities, solid waste disposal and roadways required for the development and the development will not have an unreasonable adverse effect on the existing or proposed utilities and roadways in the municipality or area served by those services.

G. The activity will not unreasonably cause or increase the flooding of the alteration area or adjacent properties nor create an unreasonable flood hazard to any structure.

THEREFORE, the Department APPROVES the application of H.R.C. – Village at Little Falls, L. L. C. to construct an 85-unit condominium development as described in Finding 1 in Windham, Maine, SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS and all applicable standards and regulations:

- 1. The Standard Conditions of Approval, a copy attached.
- 2. In addition to any specific erosion control measures described in this or previous orders, the applicant shall take all necessary actions to ensure that its activities or those of its agents do not result in noticeable erosion of soils or fugitive dust emissions on the site during the construction and operation of the project covered by this approval.
- 3. Severability. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision, or part thereof, of this License shall not affect the remainder of the provision or any other provisions. This License shall be construed and enforced in all respects as if such invalid or unenforceable provision or part thereof had been omitted.
- 4. The applicant or other responsible party shall, within three months of the expiration of each five-year interval from the date of this Order, submit a report certifying that the items listed in Department Rules, Chapter 500, Appendix B(4) have been completed in accordance with the approved plans.
- 5. Prior the start of construction, the applicant shall conduct a pre-construction meeting. This meeting shall be attended by the applicant's representative, Department staff, the design engineer, and the contractor
- 6. Prior to occupancy, the location of the buffer adjacent to the Presumpscot River shall be permanently marked on the ground.
- 7. The deed for the common area shall contain deed restrictions relative to the buffer and have attached to it a plot plan for the area, drawn to scale, that specifies the location of the buffer. Prior to occupancy of any new building, the applicant shall submit a copy of the recorded deed restrictions, including the plot plan, to the BLWQ.
- 8. If a rock crusher will be utilized on site during construction, the applicant shall insure that the crusher is licensed by the Department's Bureau of Air Quality and is being operated in accordance with that license.

- 9. Prior to occupancy of any new building, the applicant shall submit a copy of an executed long-term maintenance contract (minimum of 5 years and renewable) for the on-going maintenance of the stormwater control structures to the BLWQ.
- 10. The installation of the stormwater system shall be inspected by the applicant's design engineer or other qualified professional. Upon completion of the system, the applicant shall submit written certification to the BLWQ that it was installed in accordance with the approved plans

THIS APPROVAL DOES NOT CONSTITUTE OR SUBSTITUTE FOR ANY OTHER REQUIRED STATE, FEDERAL OR LOCAL APPROVALS NOR DOES IT VERIFY COMPLIANCE WITH ANY APPLICABLE SHORELAND ZONING ORDINANCES.

DONE AND DATED AT AUGUSTA, MAINE, THIS ZGT DAY OF JULY , 2007.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

By:

DAVID P. LITTELL, COMMISSIONER

PLEASE NOTE THE ATTACHED SHEET FOR GUIDANCE ON APPEAL PROCEDURES

Date of initial receipt of application March 27, 2007 Date of application acceptance April 5, 2007

Date filed with Board of Environmental Protection MR/ATS#64978&64979/L23637AN&BN



STANDARD CONDITIONS

STRICT CONFORMANCE WITH THE STANDARD AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF THIS APPROVAL IS NECESSARY FOR THE PROJECT TO MEET THE STATUTORY CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL.

- 1. This approval is dependent upon and limited to the proposals and plans contained in the application and supporting documents submitted and affirmed to by the applicant. Any variation from the plans, proposals and supporting documents is subject to the review and approval of the Board prior to implementation. Further subdivision of proposed lots by the applicant or future owners is specifically prohibited, without prior approval by the Board of Environmental Protection, and the applicant shall include deed restrictions to this effect.
- The applicant shall secure and comply with all applicable Federal, State and local licenses, permits, authorizations, conditions, agreements, and orders, prior to or during construction and operation as appropriate.
- 3. The applicant shall submit all reports and information requested by the Board or Department demonstrating that the applicant has complied or will comply with all conditions of this approval. All preconstruction terms and conditions must be met before construction begins.
- 4. Advertising relating to matters included in this application shall refer to this approval only if it notes that the approval has been granted WITH CONDITIONS, and indicates where copies of those conditions may be obtained.
- 5. Unless otherwise provided in this approval, the applicant shall not sell, lease, assign or otherwise transfer the development or any portion thereof without prior written approval of the Board where the purpose or consequence of the transfer is to transfer any of the obligations of the developer as incorporated in this approval. Such approval shall be granted only if the applicant or transferee demonstrates to the Board that the transferee has the technical capacity and financial ability to comply with conditions of this approval and the proposals and plans contained in the application and supporting documents submitted by the applicant.
- 6. If the construction or operation of the activity is not begun within two years, this approval shall lapse and the applicant shall reapply to the Board for a new approval. The applicant may not begin construction or operation of the development until a new approval is granted. Reapplications for approval shall state the reasons why the development was not begun within two years from the granting of the initial approval and the reasons why the applicant will be able to begin the activity within two years from the granting of a new approval, if granted. Reapplications for approval may include information submitted in the initial application by reference.
- 7. If the approved development is not completed within five years from the date of the granting of approval, the Board may reexamine its approval and impose additional terms or conditions or prescribe other necessary corrective action to respond to significant changes in circumstances which may have occurred during the five-year period.
- A copy of this approval must be included in or attached to all contract bid specifications for the development.
- 9. Work done by a contractor pursuant to this approval shall not begin before the contractor has been shown by the developer a copy of this approval.

(2/81)/Revised November 1, 1979



NATURAL RESOURCE PROTECTION ACT (NRPA) STANDARD CONDITIONS

THE FOLLOWING STANDARD CONDITIONS SHALL APPLY TO ALL PERMITS GRANTED UNDER THE NATURAL RESOURCE PROTECTION ACT, TITLE 38, M.R.S.A. SECTION 480-A ET.SEO. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFICALLY STATED IN THE PERMIT.

- A. <u>Approval of Variations From Plans</u>. The granting of this permit is dependent upon and limited to the proposals and plans contained in the application and supporting documents submitted and affirmed to by the applicant. Any variation from these plans, proposals, and supporting documents is subject to review and approval prior to implementation.
- B. <u>Compliance With All Applicable Laws.</u> The applicant shall secure and comply with all applicable federal, state, and local licenses, permits, authorizations, conditions, agreements, and orders prior to or during construction and operation, as appropriate.
- C. <u>Erosion Control.</u> The applicant shall take all necessary measures to ensure that his activities or those of his agents do not result in measurable erosion of soils on the site during the construction and operation of the project covered by this Approval.
- D. <u>Compliance With Conditions</u>. Should the project be found, at any time, not to be in compliance with any of the Conditions of this Approval, or should the applicant construct or operate this development in any way other the specified in the Application or Supporting Documents, as modified by the Conditions of this Approval, then the terms of this Approval shall be considered to have been violated.
- E. <u>Initiation of Activity Within Two Years.</u> If construction or operation of the activity is not begun within two years, this permit shall lapse and the applicant shall reapply to the Board for a new permit. The applicant may not begin construction or operation of the activity until a new permit is granted. Reapplications for permits shall state the reasons why the applicant will be able to begin the activity within two years form the granting of a new permit, if so granted. Reapplications for permits may include information submitted in the initial application by reference.
- F. Reexamination After Five Years. If the approved activity is not completed within five years from the date of the granting of a permit, the Board may reexamine its permit approval and impose additional terms or conditions to respond to significant changes in circumstances which may have occurred during the five-year period.
- G. No Construction Equipment Below High Water. No construction equipment used in the undertaking of an approved activity is allowed below the mean high water line unless otherwise specified by this permit.
- H. <u>Permit Included In Contract Bids.</u> A copy of this permit must be included in or attached to all contract bid specifications for the approved activity.
- I. <u>Permit Shown To Contractor</u>. Work done by a contractor pursuant to this permit shall not begin before the contractor has been shown by the applicant a copy of this permit.

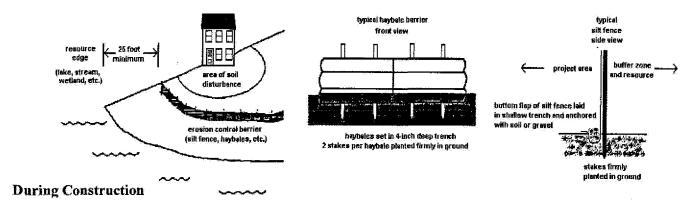
Revised (4/92) DEP LW0428



Erosion Control

Before Construction

- 1. If you have hired a contractor, make sure you have discussed your permit with them. Talk about what measures they plan to take to control erosion. Everybody involved should understand what the resource is and where it is located. Most people could identify the edge of a lake or a river. The edges of wetlands, however, are often not obvious. Your contractor may be the person actually pushing dirt around but you are both responsible for complying with the permit.
- 2. Call around and find sources for your erosion controls. You will probably need silt fence, hay bales and grass seed or conservation mix. Some good places to check are feed stores, hardware stores, landscapers and contractor supply houses. It is not always easy to find hay or straw during late winter and early spring. It may also be more expensive during those times of year. Plan ahead. Purchase a supply early and keep it under a tarp.
- 3. Before any soil is disturbed, make sure an erosion control barrier has been installed. The barrier can be either a silt fence, a row of staked hay bales, or both. Use the drawings below as a guide for correct installation and placement. The barrier should be placed as close as possible to the activity.
- 4. If a contractor is installing the barrier, double check it as a precaution. Erosion control barriers should be installed "on the contour", meaning at the same level along the land slope, whenever possible. This keeps stormwater from flowing to the lowest point of the barrier where it builds up and overflows or destroys it.



- 1. Use lots of hay or straw mulch on disturbed soil. The idea behind mulch is to prevent rain from striking the soil directly. It is the force of raindrops striking the soil that causes a lot of erosion. More than 90% of erosion is prevented by keeping the soil covered.
- 2. Inspect your erosion control barriers frequently. This is especially important after a rainfall. If there is muddy water leaving the project site, then your erosion controls are not working as intended. In that situation, stop work and figure out what can be done to prevent more soil from getting past the barrier.

After Construction

- 1. After the project is complete, replant the area. All ground covers are not equal. For instance, a mix of creeping red fescue and Kentucky bluegrass is a good choice for lawns and other high maintenance areas. The same mix would not be a good choice for stabilizing a road shoulder or a cut bank that you don't intend to mow.
- 2. If you finish your project after September 15, then do not spread grass seed. There is a very good chance that the seed will germinate and be killed by a frost before it has a chance to become established. Instead, mulch the site with a thick layer of hay or straw. In the spring, rake off the mulch and seed the area. Don't forget to mulch again to hold in moisture and prevent the seed from washing away.

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- 3. Keep your erosion control barrier up and maintained until the area is permanently stabilized.

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SHORT FORM OUITCLAIM DEED WITH COVENANT

BARNARD-MARQUIT CORPORATION, a New Hampshire corporation doing business in South Windham, Maine, FOR CONSIDERATION PAID, grants to PRESUMPSCOT/PHOENIX LLC, a Maine limited liability company doing business in South Windham, Maine wit a mailing address of 78 Cressey Road, Gorham, Maine 04038, WITH QUITCLAIM COVENANT, that certain real property located in South Windham, Cumberland County, State of Maine, more particularly bounded and described on Exhibit A attached hereto and made a part hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, BARNARD-MARQUIT CORPORATION has caused this instrument to be executed by Lawrence J. Keddy, its duly authorized President, this 6th day of November, 1997.

WITNESS:

BARNARD-MARQUIT CORPORATION

Soula J Conger

Lawrence J. Keddy
Its President

STATE OF MAINE COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND, SS.

November 6, 1997

Personally appeared the above-named Lawrence I. Keddy, President of BARNARD-MARQUIT CORPORATION, as aforesaid, and acknowledged the foregoing instrument to be his free act and deed in his said capacity and the free act and deed of said BARNARD-MARQUIT CORPORATION.

Before me,

NANCY L. PROCTOR NOTARY PUBLIC, MAINE MY COMMISSION EXPIRES SEPTEMBER 15, 1998 Notary Public Attorney at Law

Print Name: Nangy 1 Prates.

My commission expires:

SEAL

EXHIBIT A

A certain lot or parcel of land with the buildings thereon situated in the Town of Windham, County of Cumberland and State of Maine, bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the easterly side line of Main Street (Route #202), which point is located One Hundred Seventy-five (175) feet southerly along said easterly side line of Main Street from the southwesterly corner of land now or formerly owned by Robert P. Micle, et al; thence South 77° 33' East, Three Hundred Fifty-five and Eighty-three Hundredths (355.83) feet to the face of the westerly foundation of the main factory building situated on the land herein conveyed; thence South 12° 27' West along the said face of the westerly foundation Fifty-eight and Seventy-four Hundredths (58.74) feet to a corner of said foundation; thence South 77° 50' East by the face of the southerly foundation of said building a distance of Thirty-four and Seventy-two Hundredths (34.72) feet to a point distant Twenty-five (25) feet northeasterly from the center of the 12,000 volt electric pole line which runs southeasterly from a point near said corner of said foundation; thence running Twenty-five (25) feet distant northeasterly from and parallel with said center of said electric pole line South 42° 33' East Three Hundred Eighty-nine and Sixty Hundredths (389.60) feet to a point; thence continuing Twenty-five (25) feet distant easterly from and parallel with said center of pole line South 3° 58' 30" West Six Hundred Six and Sixty-two Hundredths (606.62) feet to a point being situated Twenty-five (25) feet easterly of the center of said electric pole line and at a point which intersects with a line at right angles to the westerly boundary of main line of track of Maine Central Railroad and a switch thereon; thence - running South 79° 36' 30" East Sixty-seven and Thirteen Hundredths (67.13) feet to the westerly boundary of land now or formerly of Maine Central Railroad; thence running North 0° 40' 40" West One Hundred Seventy-two and Forty-six Hundredths (172.46) feet to a point on said westerly boundary; thence North 73° 03' 30" East Fifty (50) feet to a point on said westerly boundary, thence North 10° 23' 30" East by said Railroad land, a distance of Eight Hundred Twelve and Forty-two Hundredths (812.42) feet to a point; thence northerly along said Railroad boundary along an arc having a radius of One Thousand Eight Hundred Eighty-one and Eightysix Hundredths (1,881.86) feet, One Hundred and One and Two Hundredths (101.02) feet to a point (marked by an iron set) on the southeasterly corner of land now or formerly of the Hart heirs; thence South 75° 49' West by said land of the Hart heirs, One Hundred Forty-eight and Eight Hundredths (148.08) feet to the southerly corner of said land of the Hart heirs (marked by an iron set); thence North 41° 27' West, Seventy-two (72) feet to a southwesterly corner of the land of the Hart heirs (marked by an iron set); thence North 15° 32' West, One Hundred Fortyone (141) feet to the northwesterly corner of the land of the Hart heirs on the southerly side of Depot Street (marked by a monument set); thence South 73° 29' West, Thirty-five and Eightythree Hundredths (35.83) feet along the southerly side of Depot Street to a point (marked by an iron set); thence North 89° 7' West, Two Hundred Eighty-one and Eighty-one Hundredths (281.81) feet along the southerly sideline of Depot Street to the northeasterly corner of land now or formerly owned by Dorothy Chaplin (marked by a monument set); thence South 15° 46-1/2' West, Fifty-nine and Ninety-seven Hundredths (59.97) feet to the southeasterly corner of said Chaplin land (marked by a monument set); thence North 83° 2' West, Fifty-five and Sixty-five Hundredths (55.65) feet to a southerly corner of said Chaplin land (marked by an iron set);

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thence North 80° 55' West, Eighteen and Ninety Hundredths (18.90) feet to the southwesterly corner of said Chaplin land (marked by an iron set); thence North 15° 46-1/2' East, Fifty-seven and Seventy-five Hundredths (57.75) feet to the northwesterly corner of said Chaplin land on the southerly side line of Depot Street (marked by a monument set); thence North 80° 55' West, Eighty-nine and Fifty Hundredths (89.50) feet along the southerly sideline of Depot Street to the northeasterly corner of land now or formerly of Robert P. Miele (marked by an iron set); thence South 15° 46-1/2' West Fifty-seven and Seventy-five Hundredths (57.75) feet to the southeasterly corner of said Miele land (marked by an iron set); thence North 80° 55' West, Ninety-nine and Fifty Hundredths (99.50) feet to the southwesterly corner of said land of Robert P. Miele on the easterly side line of Main Street; thence South 13° 56-1/2' West, One Hundred Seventy-five (175) feet to the point of beginning; together with all the Grantor's right, title and interest in and to the land extending to the center line of all streets or roads adjoining said premises.

The courses recited herein are magnetic - 1969.

The above described premises are shown on a plan of land in South Windham, Maine for National Metal Converters, Inc. by Owen Haskell, Inc. dated June 19, 1974.

Together with the right of way reserved by Lawrence J. Keddy in his deed to Scott Paper Company of October 18, 1974, recorded in the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds in Book 3612, Page 25 for vehicles and pedestrians, thirty (30) feet in width, extending easterly from the easterly side of Main Street (Route #202) at the point of beginning of the above described premises to a doorway located in the westerly foundation of the main factory building located thereon, with the right to maintain and use on, in and over said right of way, any existing platform, door and stairs.

F:WPDOCS\SJATITLES\FIRSTAMKEDDYEXHIBIT.A

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VILLAGE AT LITTLE FALLS CONTRACT ZONING AGREEMENT

WHEREAS the Town is authorized to enter into contract zoning agreements pursuant to the Windham Shoreland Zoning Ordinance (Section 199-8(B)(2)), the provisions of the Windham Land Use Ordinance incorporated therein by reference (Section 140-5.1) and the provisions of 30-A M.R.S.A. Section 4352(8);

WHEREAS, VLF, LLC either owns or has entered into contracts to purchase parcels of real estate located on Route 202 and Depot Street Windham, Maine fronting on the Presumpscot River consisting of approximately 9.1 acres, generally being shown on the Town's Tax Map 38, Parcels 6, 7 and 8, and SWHCorp has separately entered into a contract to purchase a portion of Parcel 7, all of which property is shown on the attached Exhibit A (collectively hereinafter the "Property");

WHEREAS, the Property is currently located in the Shoreland Zone General Development District Zone ("GD Zone"), a portion of the Property having been heretofore rezoned from the Industrial Zone by action of the Town Council;

WHEREAS the poor condition and squalid appearance of the derelict industrial building, which is currently the most prominent portion of the Property, constitutes a blight preventing the development of the Property and is inhibiting the redevelopment of other properties in the South Windham Little Falls neighborhood;

WHEREAS, Owner proposes to construct an attractive mixed-income multi-unit residential development with attached and senior housing and apartments (the "Project");

WHEREAS the existing industrial uses are designated as being "marginally useful" under the Town's Comprehensive Plan, and the cost of demolition of the derelict industrial building has prevented the Project from moving forward;

WHEREAS the proposed residential use is in keeping with the historic close knit pattern of development in the South Windham Little Falls neighborhood and the abutters have expressed a strong desire to see the existing derelict building eliminated;

WHEREAS the Town's Comprehensive Plan cites the "potential to expand high density residential development" and historic settlement pattern which creates a "neighborhood feel" for the Little Falls neighborhood, but notes the lack of a critical mass of nearby residential development;

WHEREAS, the Project serves the goals of the Comprehensive Plan by using public sewer and water facilities;

WHEREAS, the roads within the development will remain private and maintenance and plowing will be the responsibility of the then owners of the Property, further minimizing the Town's costs;

WHEREAS, the rezoning provided in this Agreement, therefore, would be consistent with the Windham Comprehensive Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Town of Windham, by and through its Town Council, therefore, has determined that the said rezoning would be pursuant to and consistent with the Town's local growth program and Comprehensive Plan adopted pursuant to Title 30-A, Maine Revised Statutes, Chapter 187, Sub-part 6-A, and consistent with the existing and permitted uses within the GD Zone and has authorized the executive of this Contract Zoning Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises made by each party to the other, the parties covenant and agree as follows:

- 1. **Zoning Map Amendment**. The Town hereby amends the Zoning Map of the Town of Windham, by adopting the zoning map change amendment shown on Exhibit B.
- 2. Village at Little Falls Contract Zoning District. The Town hereby creates a Village at Little Falls Contract Zoning District as defined herein which shall apply to the Property. For purposes of this Agreement, the Village at Little Falls Contract Zoning District means a residential development which may include multi-unit residences (apartment and condominiums), age restricted senior housing with traditional short blocks and interconnecting local streets, enhanced river views, and space and bulk standards consistent with traditional village design, all as further set forth in this Agreement.

The general schematic street layout, open space and distribution of uses in the Project shall conform to the Contract Zone Plan as hereinafter defined.

3. Permitted Densities, Uses and Dimensional Criteria.

A. Density: The density of the Project shall be as follows:

Up to 24 apartment units located in one building on a separate Lot, reserved for residents with persons 55 years of age or older or households with at least one resident who is 55 years of age or older; and

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Up to 85 residential units located in multi-unit buildings on a separate Lot, one of which buildings may contain up to 16 units and with the remaining buildings containing up to 4 units each, with no age restrictions for any of these 85 units.

The Project shall be connected to public sanitary sewer services.

All buildings shall have an automatic fire sprinkler system installed by the Owners, contractors or developers. The construction of the system shall meet the standards of the National Fire Protection Agency as determined by the Chief of the Town of Windham's Fire & Rescue Department. The location and number of hydrants within the Project shall be subject to the approval of the Fire Chief.

B. <u>Uses</u>. The permitted uses in the Project shall be:

One Family and Multi-Family Dwellings;

Elderly Housing;

Those Uses and Special Exceptions to the extent allowed and subject to the conditions and restrictions applicable to the underlying GD Zone as it may be amended, subject to such review which would otherwise be required if the Property were not subject to this Agreement, and excluding Industrial and Manufacturing uses;

Home Occupations, Residential Recreational Facilities and community building and Association office maintenance facilities;

Public Utilities Facilities; and

Accessory Uses.

C. Residential Dimensional, Parking and Design Criteria.

- i) Multi-Family Lot Size: No restriction on lot size or number of Dwelling Units per lot, but no more than 24 Dwelling Units per building for Elderly Housing and 16 dwelling units per building for other Multi-Family Dwellings shall be allowed.
- ii) Minimum front yard all buildings: 5 feet.
- iii) Minimum side yards all buildings: 5 feet.
- iv) Minimum rear yards all buildings: 5 feet.

- v) Presumpscot River setback and frontage: New Dwelling Units and accompanying improvements may be built in the locations as shown on Contract Zone Plan as they may be subsequently varied with Planning Board approval under Section 5, without need for Code Enforcement Officer approval under Section 199-12 of the Ordinance for the demolition of the existing nonconforming structures, the construction of the new structures shown on the Contract Zone Plan and change in use to multi-unit residential. In addition, existing utility lines located on the Property may be relocated closer to the river in order to lower their visual profile. Applicable minimum shore frontage per family shall not apply to the number of dwellings permitted under this Agreement.
- vi) Maximum structure, parking and non-vegetated surface coverage: 75% measured over the Project as a whole.
- vii) Height: 65 feet, measured from the mean "as completed" finished grade to the highest point on the roof for the 24 unit and the 16 unit buildings and 35 feet for all other buildings, such measurement otherwise to be in accordance with the Ordinance.
- viii) Notwithstanding the construction of multiple structures on a single lot, the compliance with dimensional requirements shall be calculated for each structure with respect to the lot as a whole and not with respect to each structure and dwelling separately.
- D. <u>Parking</u>. The dimensions of the parking spaces shall be a minimum of 9 feet by 18 feet but need not measure more than a minimum of 9 feet by 18 feet (except as otherwise required by law for handicapped parking). Parking spaces shall include garage spaces and spaces located in private driveways leading into garages, notwithstanding the otherwise applicable provisions of the Ordinance. For Elderly Housing, no more than one parking space per unit shall be required, and for a multifamily structure of more than three floors, no more than one and one-half parking spaces per unit shall be required.
- E. Streets, Roads and Sidewalks. All streets and roads within the Project shall remain private, and shall not be maintained by Town. The paved surface for private streets and internal travel aisles may range from 22-30 feet in width, exclusive of turn around and pull off parking areas, in accordance with the Contract Zone Plan for the Property. The required "right of way" for each street under the Subdivision Ordinance including the pavement, sidewalk and utility installation area need only be a minimum of 30 feet in total width, which need not be centered on the pavement, and may otherwise ___

have the locations and dimensions as shown on the Contract Zone Plan notwithstanding the otherwise applicable Ordinance requirements for such streets.

Each Owner shall construct the sidewalks as shown on the Contract Zone Plan, including without limitation the sidewalks running along the Town's abutting Depot Street right of way and the sidewalks located within the Project.

The then owners of the Property shall be responsible for the maintenance of the streets, roads and sidewalks. The portions of the Property in common ownership shall be considered a single lot notwithstanding their separation by private streets and roads.

Streets, roads and sidewalks providing access to a permitted Structure, parking and pedestrian walkways and other improvements shown on the Contract Zone Plan shall be permitted, even if located within 100 feet of the Presumpscot River. Use of existing drainage lines and structures shall be permitted.

4. <u>Contract Zone Plan</u>. The Property shall be generally developed and used in accordance with the Contract Zone Plan, reduced copies of which are attached hereto as <u>Exhibit C</u> as it may be further approved and amended from time to time pursuant to the provisions of the Windham Site Plan Ordinance and Subdivision Ordinance and this Agreement (the "Contract Zone Plan"). Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Ordinance, the physical layout, dimensions, setbacks, parking and proposed uses and improvements shown on Contract Zone Plan as they may be varied in accordance with Section 5 shall be permitted under the Ordinance.

5. Status of Approvals/Amendments.

The Contract Zone Plan has received pre-application Site Plan - Subdivision review for the entire Property under the Town's Site Plan and Subdivision Ordinance. Any amendment which involves the following changes to the terms of this Agreement will require an amendment approved by the Town Council after a public hearing:

- i) any change in the permitted uses; and
- ii) any increase in the number of dwelling units beyond the maximum number permitted.

Except for the forgoing, any other changes and any subsequent site plan approvals or subsequent site plans and/or subdivision amendments need only be approved by either (i) the Planning Board after a public hearing in accordance with this Agreement, or (ii) for changes that would otherwise only require Code Enforcement Officer approval under the Ordinance, then the approval by such officer, all without need for further Town Council approval of such changes.

Following the approval of this Agreement, the Owner will then submit the detailed design, landscaping, traffic, and engineering plans and specifications for Planning Board review and approval in accordance with the otherwise applicable provisions of the Ordinance. Such review and approval shall include attention to the

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specifics of sewer and utilities, streets (including turning radii), sidewalks, drainage facilities, hydrants, street lighting, storm water and drainage systems, recreational facilities or impact fees, river safety, snow removal and disposal areas, on street parking designations and restrictions, trash removal, and landscaping, but the improvements and uses contemplated under this Agreement as they may be varied in accordance with the foregoing shall be allowed.

6. Infrastructure.

A. General. Within each lot it owns, each Owner shall construct or cause to be constructed sewer and utilities, streets, drainage facilities, esplanades, sidewalks, street lighting, drainage systems, and landscaping to the standards set forth in the final site plan/subdivision approval following the execution of this Agreement.

The streets shall remain private, subject to an easement for Town emergency access.

- **B.** Maintenance. The infrastructure located on the Property shall be maintained by its respective Owner.
- C. Sewer Pump Station. Owner shall grant to the Town of Windham or its designee title to land necessary for construction of an underground sewer pump station with accompanying easements for mains and access in a mutually agreed upon location to be coordinated with other proposed improvements.
- **D.** Depot Street Storm Drain. Owner shall grant to the Town of Windham an easement for an underground storm drain running from Depot Street towards the Presumpscot River, which easement shall be coordinated with the location of the proposed improvements.
- E. Depot Street Sidewalk. Owners shall construct a public sidewalk running along Depot Street in the public right of way area adjoining each portion of their Property.
- F. S D Warren Co. Easement and Fence. Owners shall permit emergency vehicle access over the Property over the 30 foot wide easement located on adjoining land of S.D. Warren Company (d/b/a "Sappi Fine Paper North America") originally reserved in a deed recorded in the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds in Book 2641, Page 44, which runs easterly from Route 202.

Owner shall construct and maintain a fence along the foregoing easement at the boundary of their Property with the land of S D Warren in order to prevent inappropriate public access to the dam area but shall construct an emergency access with traffic flow restriction devices approved by the Town Fire Chief on its Property permitting access by emergency vehicles through the fence.

7. Commencement/Phasing Schedule/Bonding. Unless extended by the Town,

a building permit shall be issued and the construction of the initial Phase shall commence within two (2) years after Owner's receipt of final land use approvals for the Property and shall complete the construction of the final Phase under this Agreement within fifteen (15) years of the date of receipt of such approvals.

An Owner need only post a performance guaranty in accordance with the Ordinance Section 140-39 (H) assuring the completion of "Required Improvements" for those Required Improvements to be constructed within each Phase or sub-Phase of the Property or which are required to be completed in conjunction with such Phase or sub-Phase under this Agreement.

8. <u>**Definitions.**</u> Note: Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein shall have the meaning set forth in the Town of Windham Zoning Ordinance.

Agreement: This Contract Zoning Agreement entered into among the Owner

and the Town.

Association: The nonprofit corporation which may be formed pursuant to the

Maine Condominium Act to operate and administer a portion of

the Property.

Contract Zone Plan: The plans entitled "Exhibit C - Contract Zone Plan"

prepared by Northeast Civil Solutions dated May 11, 2005 consisting of sheets #1 (site) and #2 (phasing), the accompanying

notes and related materials approved by the Town Council,

reduced copies of which are attached hereto as Exhibit C, as they may be amended from time to time pursuant to the provisions of

the Windham Site Plan Ordinance (Chapter 140-38) and

Subdivision Regulations (the "Contract Zone Plan").

<u>Lot:</u> The Lots composing individual portions of the Property as shown

on Exhibit C, designed for separate subsequent Planning Board

approval, development and use as set forth herein.

Multi-Family Dwelling: A building with two or more Dwelling Units, subject to

the limitations on numbers of units, units per building, location and

age restrictions set forth in this Agreement.

Ordinance: The Town of Windham Land Use, Shoreland Zoning and as

applicable the Subdivision Ordinances as set forth in Chapters 140,

199 and 215 of the Town's Code of Ordinances.

Owner(s): Collectively, VLF, LLC and SWHCorp, and their respective

successors and assigns.

<u>Parking Space</u>: See Subsection 3 (E) regarding modifications to the otherwise

applicable definitional restrictions under the Ordinance.

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Phase:

Each portion of the Property designated on Exhibit C to be

separately developed in stages substantially as shown on Exhibit C.

Planning Board: The Planning Board of the Town of Windham.

Property:

The real property located on Route 202 and Depot Street as

described in Exhibit A.

SWHCorp:

South Windham Housing Corporation, a Maine non-profit

corporation, also being an Owner.

Town:

The Town of Windham, a municipal corporation located in the

County of Cumberland and State of Maine.

Town Council: The Town Council of the Town.

VLF. LLC:

Village At Little Falls, LLC a Maine limited liability company,

being an Owner.

9. General.

A. Owners shall record this Contract Zoning Agreement in the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds within 30 days after receipt of final land use approvals for the development on the Property. For purposes of identification only, the Town Manager shall sign the full size copies of the plans attached hereto as Exhibits C and D, marked with the legend:

"Exhibit [C or D, as applicable] to the Village at Little Falls Contract Zoning Agreement dated ___ to me (__, 2005, subject to modification pursuant to said Agreement."

- B. The provisions of this Contract Zoning Agreement shall be deemed restrictions on the use of the Property, and this Contract Zoning Agreement may be amended by future written agreement between the Town of Windham and the Owner affected or its successors in interest without need for approval of any other party. In the event all or any portion of the Property is subjected to the Maine Condominium Act (33 M.R.S.A. Section 1601-101 et seq.), then the Association organized may act on behalf of all condominium owners.
- C. The provisions of this Contract Zoning shall operate as an "overlay" zone and all other requirements of the underlying Zoning District shall apply except as otherwise set forth herein.
- D. The restrictions, provisions and conditions of this Agreement are an essential part of the rezoning, shall run with the Property, shall bind Owners, their heirs, successors in interests and assigns of said Property or any part thereof, and shall inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the Town of Windham.

- E. Except as expressly modified herein, the use and occupancy of the Property shall be governed by and comply with the provisions of the Land Use, Shoreland Zoning and Subdivision Ordinances of the Town of Windham (as applicable) and any applicable amendments thereto or replacement thereof, provided however that this Agreement and the Ordinance shall be interpreted so as to allow the improvements and uses shown on Exhibit C. The applicable provisions of the Town's Building Code Ordinances shall not be affected by this Agreement.
- F. Wherever possible, each provision of this Agreement shall be interpreted in such a manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law. However the provisions of this Agreement are severable, and if any one clause or provision hereof shall be held invalid or unenforceable in whole or in part in any jurisdiction, then such invalidity or unenforceability shall affect only such clause or provision, or part thereof, in such jurisdiction, and shall not in any manner affect such clause or provision in any other jurisdiction, or any other clause or provision of this Agreement in any jurisdiction.
- G. The captions in this Agreement are for convenience of reference only and shall not define or limit the provisions hereof.
- H. No waiver of any of the terms of this Agreement no extension thereof will be deemed to have occurred, or to be effective unless in writing signed by the parties. No course of dealing heretofore or hereafter between the parties, or any failure or delay on the part of any party in exercising any rights or remedies under this Agreement shall operate as a waiver or preclusion of the exercise of any rights or remedies under this Agreement.
- I. The Town shall have the power to enforce all conditions and restrictions of this Agreement, both through enforcement action pursuant to 30-A M.R.S.A. §4452 and through legal action for specific performance of this Agreement. In the event that an Owner or its heirs, successors or assigns fail to construct the Property in accordance with this Contract, or in the event of any other breach hereof, and such failure or breach continues for a period of thirty (30) days after written notice of such failure or breach cannot reasonably be remedied or cured within such thirty (30) day period, if such Owner, its heirs, successors or assigns, fails to commence to cure or remedy such failure or breach within said thirty (30) day period and thereafter fails to diligently prosecute such cure or remedy to completion in a reasonable time, then the Town may enforce the performance of this Agreement and recover the costs and expenses of performance from such Owner or its, heirs, successors or assigns violating this Agreement, which recovery may include the Town's reasonable attorney's fees and expenses.

Witness our hands and seals on June

TOWN OF WINDHAM

VILLAGE AT LITTLE FALLS, LLC

SOUTH WINDHAM HOUSING CORPORATION

Witness

Dana Totman, its President

Exhibit A

Copy of Survey Plan

Exhibit B

Amended Zoning Plan

Exhibit C

Reduced Copies of "Exhibit C - Contract Zone Plan" prepared by Northeast Civil Solutions dated May 11, 2004, consisting of 2 sheets labeled "Phasing" and "Site."

Exhibit D

Reduced Copies of "Exhibit D - Proposed Elevations" prepared by Gawron Turgeon Architects consisting of 2 sheets.

Contract Zone Agmt Vill at Little Falls 5-24-05 clean.doc

State of Maine Cumberland, ss

June 1, 2005

Then personally appeared before me the above named Anthony T. Plante in his said capacity and acknowledged the foregoing to be his free act and deed and the free act and deed of said town.

Attorney at Law

Name: Lawrence K. Clouge